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(2nd Semester)

POLITICAL SCIENCE

Paper No. : POL-201

(**Political Theory : Ideas and Concepts**)

Full Marks : 70

Pass Marks : 45%

Time : 3 hours

(PART : B—DESCRIPTIVE)

(Marks : 45)

*The figures in the margin indicate full marks
for the questions*

1. (a) Critically evaluate the main tenets of
Marxism. 9

Or

(b) State and discuss the elements of
Classical Liberalism. 9

2. (a) What is power? Explain the elite theory of power. 2+7=9

Or

(b) Explain the term 'legitimacy' with reference to the terms 'power' and 'authority'. 9

3. (a) What is political obligation? Discuss the various kinds of political obligation. 9

Or

(b) Define resistance. Discuss the grounds of resistance. 1+8=9

4. (a) Define nation. Discuss the elements of nationality. 1+8=9

Or

(b) Discuss the methods of imperialism. 9

5. (a) Define globalization. Discuss the various characteristics of globalization. 2+7=9

Or

(b) State and discuss the effects of globalization. 9

Subject Code : Ba/Pol-201

Booklet No. **A** 2416

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Date Stamp

To be filled in by the Candidate

BA / BSc / BCom / BBA / BCA
2nd Semester End Term
Examination, 2016

Subject

Paper

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2nd Semester End Term
Examination, 2016

Roll No.

Regn. No.

Subject

Paper

DESCRIPTIVE TYPE

Booklet No. B

INSTRUCTIONS TO CANDIDATES

1. The Booklet No. of this script should be quoted in the answer script meant for descriptive type questions and vice versa.
2. This paper should be **ANSWERED FIRST** and submitted within 1 (one) Hour of the commencement of the Examination.
3. While answering the questions of this booklet, any cutting, erasing, overwriting or furnishing more than one answer is prohibited. Any rough work, if required, should be done only on the main Answer Book. Instructions given in each question should be followed for answering that question only.

Signature of Scrutiniser(s)

Signature of Examiner(s)

Signature of Invigilator(s)

2016

(2nd Semester)

POLITICAL SCIENCE

Paper No. : POL-201

(Political Theory : Ideas and Concepts)

(PART : A—OBJECTIVE)

(Marks : 25)

The figures in the margin indicate full marks for the questions

1. Put a Tick (✓) mark against the correct answer in the brackets provided : 1×10=10

(a) According to Marx, history is the product of

(i) religious forces ()

(ii) political forces ()

(iii) material forces ()

(iv) None of the above ()

(b) Democratic socialism differs from Marxian socialism on the basis of its emphasis on

(i) social equality ()

(ii) political equality ()

(iii) economic equality ()

(iv) freedom of the individual ()

(c) Who was the first thinker to develop the concept of power?

(i) Aristotle ()

(ii) Machiavelli ()

(iii) David Easton ()

(iv) Thomas Hobbes ()

(d) Max Weber proposed

(i) three sources of legitimate authority ()

(ii) two sources of legitimate authority ()

(iii) four sources of legitimate authority ()

(iv) one source of legitimate authority ()

(e) Who wrote the book, *Legitimation Crisis*?

(i) Max Weber ()

(ii) Karl Marx ()

(iii) Habermas ()

(iv) Lenin ()

(f) Who is the expounder of the term 'survival of the fittest'?

(i) Laski ()

(ii) Marx ()

(iii) Herbert Spencer ()

(iv) Adam Smith ()

(g) Who advocated the term 'permanent revolution'?

(i) Karl Marx ()

(ii) Stalin ()

(iii) Trotsky ()

(iv) Mao Tse-tung ()

(h) Harold Laski connects obligation and resistance in the realm of

(i) individualism ()

(ii) rationality ()

(iii) morality ()

(iv) conservatism ()

(i) Who says globalization is 'thin and extensive' and 'thick and intensive'?

(i) David Held ()

(ii) Jan Aart Scholte ()

(iii) Anthony Giddens ()

(iv) Keohane and Nye ()

(j) The most important factor responsible for globalization taking place is

(i) trade liberalization ()

(ii) economic liberalization ()

(iii) political liberalization ()

(iv) technological change brought about by relentless economic competition ()

(5)

2. Write short notes on the following :

5×2=10

(a) Theory of surplus value

(b) Weber's theory of legitimate authority

(7)

3. Indicate *True (T)* or *False (F)* by putting a Tick (✓) mark : 1×5=5

(a) Socialism as an ideology and tendency stands for an egalitarian society.

(T / F)

(b) Authority is legitimate whereas power is both legitimate and illegitimate.

(T / F)

(c) Revolution has very limited scope in a genuine democracy.

(T / F)

(d) Imperialism is the policy of extending the power of a State beyond its boundaries.

(T / F)

(e) According to Lasswell and Kaplan, power is never relational .

(T / F)
